## Regional climate studies and application with variable-resolution GCMs (Canadian component)

Jean Côté (Co-PI)<sup>1</sup>, Bertrand Denis<sup>1</sup>, Bernard Dugas<sup>1</sup>, Sandrine Edouard<sup>1</sup>, Abdessamad Qaddouri<sup>1</sup>, René Laprise<sup>2</sup>, Daniel Caya<sup>2</sup>

1. Meteorological Service of Canada 2. University of Quebec at Montreal

The proposed research is the continuation of the joint U.S.-Canadian study started three years ago under the previous CCPP proposal during which the Canadian stretched-grid Global Environmental Multiscale (GEM) model was developed and adapted for climate simulation purposes. The new study will be devoted to:

- 1. Research in parallel computing and numerical methods (iterative solvers, conserving and shape-preserving advection schemes, general domain decomposition on the sphere)
- 2. Atmospheric chemistry related to climate issues (the GEM model with passive tracers, tropospheric and stratospheric chemistry modules)
- 3. Validation of regional climate modeling strategies for nested- and stretched-grid models; decadal time-scale investigation with the GEM model including the 17-year (1979-1996) AMIP2 runs with both uniform- and variable-resolution grids, with 0.5 degree global and regional resolution, respectively. (Note that this planned unprecedented high-resolution, 0.5 degree uniform grid, 17-years long GEM model simulation will serve as reference for a number of investigations to compare the variable-resolution and limited-area nested approaches in climate mode.)
- 4. Participation in intercomparison projects (SG-MIPS and PIRCS).